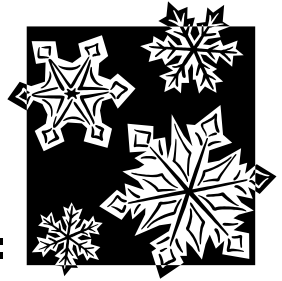


Let It Snow!



s n o w p l o w
s n o w f a l l
f r o s t b i t e
s h o v e l
m o t o r i s t s
t r a c t i o n
p l e a s u r e
a n n o y a n c e
d i s m a y
e x h i l a r a t e
s l i p p e r y
s h e l t e r
h y p o t h e r m i a
p r e c i p i t a t i o n

- 1) What colour do you feel to be a COLD colour? Use this colour to write out the list.
- 2) Compound words combine two other words to make one new word. (a) Write the compound words from this list. (b) Write out two more compound words for each of these words *snow *side *hard.
- 3) Write the words that share the greatest number of syllables, and the number of syllables that they share.
- 4) Which list words are antonyms for each other?
- 5) (a) Which word names a medical condition that is a danger of winter? (b) What is the meaning of this word? (c) What relationship can you see between this winter problem, and HEATSTROKE?
- 6) Write a synonym for *pleasure *annoyance *exhilarate *dismay. Remember, a noun can not be used a synonym for a verb, and an adverb can not be used as a synonym for an adjective, so be sure to match parts of speech!
- 7) Working in alphabetical order, write out all the words that begin with a consonant blend.
- 8) Remember that a diphthong is produced by two vowels being pronounced as one sound. (a) Which words in the list contain a diphthong? (b) Which words contain long vowel sounds? Be sure to mark each long vowel with a straight line positioned just above it, when you write these words. (c) Which words contain vowel sounds not produced by a vowel? BE CAREFUL!
- 9) Use all the words in separate sentences that clearly show the meaning of each word, and use grade level vocabulary.
Example: *The ski rescue team knew they had to warm up the avalanche victim they rescued, so that he would not die of hypothermia.*

